



A Mechanical Model for Phase Transitions¹



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B.3~(0.5~pt) Sketch of the magnitude of the normal reaction

B.4 (1.0 pt) The potential P =

Q =

S =

$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{B.5} \ (1.0 \ \mathrm{pt}) \\ \textbf{The coefficients} \end{array}$

 $a(\omega) =$

 $b(\omega) =$





 $\textbf{B.6}~(1.0~\mathrm{pt})$ Representative plots of the potential

B.7 (1.0 pt) Bead analogues $\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow$

 $T/T_{c} \longrightarrow$

 $\beta =$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{B.8} \ (1.0 \ \mathrm{pt}) \\ \textbf{Oscillation frequency} \end{array}$

 Ω_0 =





$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{C.1} \ (1.0 \ \mathrm{pt}) \\ \textbf{Condition for equilibrium angles} \end{array}$
x =
y =
C.2 (0.5 pt) Representative values for θ_0 (a) θ_0 =
(b) $\theta_0 =$